**KPIT TECHNOLOGIES**

**WEEKLY REPORT**

**WEEK 1- Report (DATE: 23/5/2024)**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Student name** | **Week** | **Branch** | **USN** |
| **VIKASH RAWAT** | **1** | **Circuit (EEE)** | **1NH20EE120** |

**Yashavant Kanetkar Book**

**Question 1-50:**

**Question 1: The distance between two cities (in kilometers) is input through the keyboard. Write a program to convert and print this distance in meters, feet, inches and centimeters.**

Sol. Code:

# include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

float km, m , cm, ft, inch ;

printf ( "\nEnter the distance in Kilometers: " ) ;

scanf ( "%f", &km ) ;

m = km \* 1000 ;

cm = m \* 100 ;

inch = cm / 2.54 ;

ft = inch / 12 ;

printf ( "meters = %f\n", m ) ;

printf ( "centimeter = %f\n", cm ) ;

printf ( "feet = %f\n", ft ) ;

printf ( "inches = %f\n", inch ) ;

return 0 ;

**Question 2: Calculate simple interest for a set of values representing principal, number of years and rate of interest.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int p, n ;

float r, si ;

p = 1000 ;

n = 3 ;

r = 8.5 ;

si = p \* n \* r / 100 ;

printf ( "%f\n" , si ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 3: If the marks obtained by a student in five different subjects are input through the keyboard, write a program to find out the aggregate marks and percentage marks obtained by the student. Assume that the maximum marks that can be obtained by a student in each subject is 100.**

Sol. Program:

# include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int m1, m2, m3, m4, m5, aggr ;

float per ;

printf ( "\nEnter marks in 5 subjects: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %d %d %d %d", &m1, &m2, &m3, &m4, &m5 ) ;

aggr = m1 + m2 + m3 + m4 + m5 ;

per = (aggr / 5)\*100 ;

printf ( "Aggregate Marks = %d\n", aggr ) ;

printf ( "Percentage Marks = %f\n", per ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 4: Write a C program to print "Hello, World!"?**

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

printf("Hello, World!\n");

return 0;

}

**Question 5: Write a C program to check if a number is even or odd**.

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int num;

printf("Enter an integer: ");

scanf("%d", &num);

if (num % 2 == 0) {

printf("%d is even.\n", num);

} else {

printf("%d is odd.\n", num);

}

return 0;

}

**Question 6: Ramesh’s basic salary is input through the keyboard. His dearness allowance is 40% of basic salary, and house rent allowance is 20% of basic salary. Write a program to calculate his gross salary.**

Sol. Code:

# include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

float bp, da, hra, grpay ;

printf ( "\nEnter Basic Salary of Ramesh: " ) ;

scanf ( "%f", &bp ) ;

da = 0.4 \* bp ;

hra = 0.2 \* bp ;

grpay = bp + da + hra ;

printf ( "Basic Salary of Ramesh = %f\n", bp ) ;

printf ( "Dearness Allowance = %f\n", da ) ;

printf ( "House Rent Allowance = %f\n", hra ) ;

printf ( "Gross Pay of Ramesh is %f\n", grpay ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 7: Match the following pairs:**

**(a) \n (1) Literal**

**(b) 3.145 (2) Statement terminator**

**(c) -6513 (3) Character constant**

**(d) ’D’ (4) Escape sequence**

**(e) 4.25e-3 (5) Input function**

**(f) main( ) (6) Function**

**(g) %f, %d, %c (7) Integer constant**

**(h) ; (8) Address of operator**

**(i) Constant (9) Output function**

**(j) Variable (10) Format specifier**

**(k) & (11) Exponential form**

**(l) printf( ) (12) Real constant**

**(m) scanf( ) (13) Identifier**

Sol.

(a) Escape Sequence

(b) Real Constant

(c) Integer Constant

(d) Character Constant

(e) Exponential Form

(f) Function

(g) Format Specifier

(h) Statement Terminator

(i) Literal

(j) Identifier

(k) Address of Operator

(l) Output Function

(m) Input Function

**Question 8: Write a C program to find the largest of three numbers.**

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int a, b, c;

printf("Enter three integers: ");

scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);

if (a >= b && a >= c) {

printf("%d is the largest.\n", a);

} else if (b >= a && b >= c) {

printf("%d is the largest.\n", b);

} else {

printf("%d is the largest.\n", c);

}

return 0;

**Question 9: Determine the hierarchy of operations and evaluate the following expression, assuming that i is an integer variable:**

**i = 2 \* 3 / 4 + 4 / 4 + 8 - 2 + 5 / 8**

Sol. i = 2 \* 3 / 4 + 4 / 4 + 8 - 2 + 5 / 8

i = 6 / 4 + 4 / 4 + 8 - 2 + 5 / 8

i = 1 + 4 / 4 + 8 - 2 + 5 / 8

i = 1 + 1+ 8 - 2 + 5 / 8

i = 1 + 1 + 8 - 2 + 0

i = 2 + 8 - 2 + 0

i = 10 - 2 + 0

i = 8 + 0

i = 8

**Question 10: If a five-digit number is input through the keyboard, write a program to reverse the number.**

Sol. Program:

# include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int n, d5, d4, d3, d2, d1 ;

long int revnum ;

printf ( "\nEnter a five digit number (less than 32767): " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &n ) ;

d5 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d4 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d3 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d2 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d1 = n % 10 ;

revnum = d5 \* 10000 + d4 \* 1000 + d3 \* 100 + d2 \* 10 + d1 ;

printf ( "The reversed number is %ld\n", revnum ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 11: Which of the following are invalid C constants and why?**

’3.15’; 35,550; 3.25e2; 2e-3; ‘eLearning’; "show"; ‘Quest’; 2^3; 4 6 5 2

Sol. ’3.15’ and ‘eLearning’ and ‘Quest’ are invalid because single quotes denote character constants in C, which should contain only a single character.

35,550 is invalid because commas are not allowed in numeric constants.

2^3 is invalid because the caret symbol (^) is not used for exponentiation in C; instead, it represents the bitwise XOR operator.

4 6 5 2 is invalid because numeric constants should not contain spaces.

**Question 12. Paper of size A0 has dimensions 1189 mm x 841 mm. Each subsequent size A(n) is defined as A(n-1) cut in half, parallel to its shorter sides. Thus, paper of size A1 would have dimensions 841 mm x 594 mm. Write a program to calculate and print paper sizes A0, A1, A2 … A8.**

Sol:#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int width = 1189;

int height = 841;

printf("A0: %d mm x %d mm\n", width, height);

for (int i = 1; i <= 8; i++) {

if (width > height) {

width /= 2;

} else {

height /= 2;

}

printf("A%d: %d mm x %d mm\n", i, width, height);

}

return 0;

}

**Question 13: Consider a currency system in which there are notes of six denominations, namely, Re. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 5, Rs. 10, Rs. 50, Rs. 100. If a sum of Rs. N is entered through the keyboard, write a program to**

**compute the smallest number of notes that will combine to give Rs. N.**

Sol. Program

#include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int amount, nohun, nofifty, noten, nofive, notwo, noone, total ;

printf ( "Enter the amount: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &amount ) ;

nohun = amount / 100 ;

amount = amount % 100 ;

nofifty = amount / 50 ;

amount = amount % 50 ;

noten = amount / 10 ;

amount = amount % 10 ;

nofive = amount / 5 ;

amount = amount % 5 ;

notwo = amount / 2 ;

amount = amount % 2 ;

noone = amount / 1 ;

amount = amount % 1 ;

total = nohun + nofifty + noten + nofive + notwo + noone ;

printf ( "Smallest number of notes = %d\n", total ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 14: Point out the errors, if any, in the following C statements:**

**(a) x = ( y + 3 ) ;**

**(b) cir = 2 \* 3.141593 \* r ;**

**(c) char = ‘3’ ;**

**(d) 4 / 3 \* 3.14 \* r \* r \* r = vol\_of\_sphere ;**

**(e) volume = a3 ;**

**(f) area = 1 / 2 \* base \* height ;**

**(g) si = p \* r \* n / 100 ;**

**(h) area of circle = 3.14 \* r \* r ;**

**(i) peri\_of\_tri = a + b + c ;**

**(j) slope = ( y2 - y1 ) ÷ ( x2 - x1 ) ;**

**(k) 3 = b = 4 = a ;**

**(l) count = count + 1 ;**

**(m) char ch = '25 Apr 12' ;**

Sol. (a) Valid.

(b) Valid.

(c) "char" is a keyword and we cannot use keyword as a variable.

(d) lvalue required, as we cannot take any expression on LHS.

(e) a3 doesn't specify any operation.

(f) Valid.

(g) Valid.

(h) Spaces are not allowed in variable names.

(i) Valid.

(j) "?"(Symbol) is not any valid operator.

(k) Value required as LHS should not have any constant value or any expression.

(l) Valid.

(m) Length of character is one.

**Question 15: Write a C program to check if a number is an Armstrong number.**

#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

int main() {

int num, originalNum, remainder, n = 0;

float result = 0.0;

printf("Enter an integer: ");

scanf("%d", &num);

originalNum = num;

while (originalNum != 0) {

originalNum /= 10;

++n;

}

originalNum = num;

while (originalNum != 0) {

remainder = originalNum % 10;

result += pow(remainder, n);

originalNum /= 10;

}

if ((int)result == num) {

printf("%d is an Armstrong number.\n", num);

} else {

printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.\n", num);

} return 0;

**Question 16: Indicate the order in which the following expressions would be evaluated:**

**(a) g = 10 / 5 /2 / 1 ;**

**(b) b = 3 / 2 + 5 \* 4 / 3 ;**

**(c) a = b = c = 3 + 4 ;**

**(d) x = 2 - 3 + 5 \* 2 / 8 % 3 ;**

**(e) z = 5 % 3 / 8 \* 3 + 4**

**(f) y = z = -3 % -8 / 2 + 7 ;**

Sol. (a) / / /

(b) / \* / +

(c) + = = =

(d) = - + \* / %

(e) = % / \* +

(f) = = % / +

**Question 17: What will be the output of the following programs?**

**(a) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i = 2, j = 3, k, l ;**

**float a, b ;**

**k = i / j \* j ;**

**l = j / i \* i ;**

**a = i / j \* j ;**

**b = j / i \* i ;**

**printf ( "%d %d %f %f\n", k, l, a, b ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(b) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int a, b, c, d ;**

**a = 2 % 5 ;**

**b = -2 % 5 ;**

**c = 2 % -5 ;**

**d = -2 % -5 ;**

**printf ( "a = %d b = %d c = %d d = %d\n", a, b, c, d ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(c) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**float a = 5, b = 2 ;**

**int c, d ;**

**c = a % b ;**

**d = a / 2 ;**

**printf ( "%d\n", d ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(d) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**printf ( "nn \n\n nn\n" ) ;**

**printf ( "nn /n/n nn/n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(e) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int a, b ;**

**printf ( "Enter values of a and b" ) ;**

**scanf ( " %d %d ", &a, &b ) ;**

**printf ( "a = %d b = %d", a, b ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

Sol. A) 0 3 0.000000 2.000000

B) a = 2 b = -2 c = 2 d = -2

C) 2

D) nn

nn

nn /n/n nn/n

E) Enter values of a and b a = 3 b = 4

**Question 17** **.Determine the hierarchy of operations and evaluate the following expression, assuming that k is a float variable**:**k = 3 / 2 \* 4 + 3 / 8**

Sol. k = 3 / 2 \* 4 + 3 / 8

k = 1 \* 4 + 3 / 8

k = 4 + 3 / 8

k = 4 + 0

k = 4

**Question 18. If a five-digit number is input through the keyboard, write a program to reverse the number.**

Sol. Program:

# include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int n, d5, d4, d3, d2, d1 ;

long int revnum ;

printf ( "\nEnter a five digit number (less than 32767): " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &n ) ;

d5 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d4 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d3 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d2 = n % 10 ;

n = n / 10 ;

d1 = n % 10 ;

revnum = d5 \* 10000 + d4 \* 1000 + d3 \* 100 + d2 \* 10 + d1 ;

printf ( "The reversed number is %ld\n", revnum ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 19 Write a C program to find the length of a string.**

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

int main() {

char str[100];

printf("Enter a string: ");

gets(str);

printf("Length of the string: %d\n", strlen(str));

return 0;

}

**Question 20 Evaluate the following expressions and show their hierarchy.**

**(a) ans = 5 \* b \* b \* x - 3 \* a \* y \* y - 8 \* b \* b \* x + 10 \* a \* y ;**

**(a = 3, b = 2, x = 5, y = 4 assume ans to be an int)**

**(b) res = 4 \* a \* y / c - a \* y / c ;**

**(a = 4, y = 1, c = 3, assume res to be an int)**

**(c) s = c + a \* y \* y / b ;**

**(a = 2.2, b = 0.0, c = 4.1, y = 3.0, assume s to be a float)**

**(d) R = x \* x + 2 \* x + 1 / 2 \* x \* x + x + 1 ;**

**(x = 3.5, assume R to be a float)**

Sol. (a) -84

(b) 4

(c) INFINITE

(d) 23.750000

**Question 21: Fill in the blanks:**

**(a) In y = 10 \* x / 2 + z ; \_\_\_\_operation will be performed first.**

**(b) If a is an integer variable, a = 11 / 2 would store\_\_\_\_ in a.**

**(c) The expression, a = 22 / 7 \* 5 / 3 would evaluate to \_\_\_\_.**

**(d) The expression x = -7 % 2 - 8 would evaluate to\_\_\_\_\_.**

**(e) If d is a float the operation d = 2/7 would store\_\_\_\_\_ in d.**

Sol. (a) multiplication

(b) 5

(c) 5

(d) -9

(e) 0.0

**Question 22: Write a C program to find the sum of all elements in an array.**

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int n, sum = 0;

printf("Enter the number of elements: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

int arr[n];

printf("Enter the elements: ");

for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {

scanf("%d", &arr[i]);

sum += arr[i];

}

printf("Sum of elements: %d\n", sum);

return 0;

}

**Question 23 State whether the following statements are true or False:**

**(a) \* or /, + or - represents the correct hierarchy of arithmetic operators in C.**

**(b) [ ] and { } can be used in Arithmetic instructions.**

**(c) Hierarchy decides which operator is used first.**

**(d) In C, Arithmetic instruction cannot contain constants on left side of =.**

**(e) In C \*\* operator is used for exponentiation operation.**

**(f) % operator cannot be used with floats.**

Sol. (a) True

(b) False

(c) True

(d) True

(e) False

(f) True

**Question 24: In a company an employee is paid as under:**

**If his basic salary is less than Rs. 1500, then HRA = 10% of basic salary and DA = 90% of basic salary. If his salary is either equal to or above Rs. 1500, then HRA = Rs. 500 and DA = 98% of basic salary. If the employee's salary is input through the keyboard write a program to find his gross salary.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

float bs, gs, da, hra ;

printf ( "Enter basic salary " ) ;

scanf ( "%f", &bs ) ;

if ( bs < 1500 )

{

hra = bs \* 10 / 100 ;

da = bs \* 90 / 100 ;

}

else

{

hra = 500 ;

da = bs \* 98 / 100 ;

}

gs = bs + hra + da ;

printf ( "gross salary = Rs. %f\n", gs ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 25: Write a C program to perform a binary search on a sorted array.**

#include <stdio.h>

int binarySearch(int arr[], int low, int high, int key) {

while (low <= high) {

int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;

if (arr[mid] == key) {

return mid;

}

if (arr[mid] < key) {

low = mid + 1;

} else {

high = mid - 1;

}

}

return -1;

}

int main() {

int n, key;

printf("Enter the number of elements: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

int arr[n];

printf("Enter the elements in sorted order: ");

for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {

scanf("%d", &arr[i]);

}

printf("Enter the element to search: ");

scanf("%d", &key);

int result = binarySearch(arr, 0, n - 1, key);

if (result != -1) {

printf("%d found at position %d\n", key, result + 1);

} else { printf("%d not found in the array.\n", key);

}

return 0;

}

**Question 26. While purchasing certain items, a discount of 10% is offered if the quantity purchased is more than 1000. If quantity and price per item are input through the keyboard, write a program to calculate the total expenses.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int qty, dis ;

float rate, tot ;

printf ( "Enter quantity and rate " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %f", &qty, &rate) ;

if ( qty > 1000 )

dis = 10 ;

else

dis = 0 ;

tot = ( qty \* rate ) - ( qty \* rate \* dis / 100 ) ;

printf ( "Total expenses = Rs. %f\n", tot ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 27: Any year is input through the keyboard. Write a program to determine whether the year is a leap year or not.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int yr ;

printf ( "\nEnter a year: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &yr ) ;

if ( yr % 100 == 0 )

{

if ( yr % 400 == 0 )

printf ( "Leap year\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Not a Leap year\n" ) ;

}

else

{

if ( yr % 4 == 0 )

printf ( "Leap year\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Not a leap year\n" ) ;

}

return 0 ;

}

**Question 28 : Write a C program to find the transpose of a matrix.**

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int r, c;

printf("Enter rows and columns of matrix: ");

scanf("%d %d", &r, &c);

int matrix[r][c], transpose[c][r];

printf("Enter elements of matrix:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i) {

for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {

scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);

}

}

for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i) {

for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {

transpose[j][i] = matrix[i][j];

}

}

printf("Transpose of matrix:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < c; ++i) {

for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j) {

printf("%d ", transpose[i][j]);

}

printf("\n");

}

return 0;

}

**Question 29:.Any integer is input through the keyboard. Write a program to find out whether it is an odd number or even number.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int n ;

printf ( "\nEnter any number: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &n ) ;

if ( n % 2 == 0 )

printf ( "The number is even\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "The number is odd\n" ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 30: State whether the following statements are True or False:**

**(a) ; is a valid statement.**

**(b) Ifs can be nested.**

**(c) If there are multiple statements in if or else block, they should be enclosed within a pair of { }.**

**(d) If can occur within an if block but not in the else block.**

**(e) By default there is only one statement in if block and only one in the else block.**

**(f) Nothing happens on execution of a null statement.**

Sol. (a) True

(b) True

(c) True

(d) False

(e) True

(f) True

**Question 31: Point out the errors, if any, in the following programs:**

**(a) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**float a = 12.25, b = 12.52 ;**

**if ( a = b )**

**printf ( "a and b are equal\n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(b) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int j = 10, k = 12 ;**

**if ( k >= j )**

**{**

**{**

**k = j ;**

**j = k ;**

**}**

**}**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(c) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**if ( 'X' < 'x' )**

**printf ( "ascii value of X is smaller than that of x\n" ) ;**

**}**

**(d) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int x = 10 ;**

**if ( x >= 2 ) then**

**printf ( "%d\n", x ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(e) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int x = 10, y = 15 ;**

**if ( x % 2 = y % 3 )**

**printf ( "Carpathians\n" ) ;**

**}**

**(f) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int a, b ;**

**scanf ( "%d %d", a, b ) ;**

**if ( a > b ) ;**

**printf ( "This is a game\n" ) ;**

**else**

**printf ( "You have to play it\n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

Sol. (a) Assignment a = b is used instead of comparison a == b.

(b) Redundant braces { inside the if block.

(c) No error; the program is correct.

(d) then is not a valid keyword in C; remove then.

(e) Assignment x % 2 = y % 3 is used instead of comparison x % 2 == y % 3.

(f) scanf("%d %d", a, b) should use address-of operator: scanf("%d %d", &a, &b). Semicolon after if (a > b) makes the if statement empty.

**Question 32:**

**Attempt the following questions:**

**(a) If a five-digit number is input through the keyboard, write a program to calculate the sum of its digits. (Hint: Use the modulus operator %)**

**(b) Write a program to receive Cartesian co-ordinates (x, y) of a point and convert them into polar co-ordinates (r, φ). Hint: r = sqrt (x² + y²) and q = tan(y/x)**

**(c) Write a program to receive values of latitude (L1, L2) and longitude (G1, G2), in degrees, of two places on the earth and output the distance (D) between them in nautical miles. The formula for distance in nautical miles is: D = 3963 cos¹ (sin L1 sin L2 + cos L1 cos L2 \* cos (G2-G1))**

**(d) Wind-chill factor is the felt air temperature on exposed skin due to wind. The wind-chill temperature is always lower than the air temperature, and is calculated as per the following formula: wcf = 35.74 +0.6215t + (0.4275t - 35.75) \* v0.16 where t is temperature and v is wind velocity. Write a program to receive values of t and v and calculate wind-chill factor (wcf).**

**(e) If value of an angle is input through the keyboard, write a program to print all its Trigonometric ratios.**

**(f) Two numbers are input through the keyboard into two locations C and D. Write a program to interchange the contents of C and D.**

Sol. (a) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int number, sum = 0;

printf("Enter a five-digit number: ");

scanf("%d", &number);

for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {

sum += number % 10;

number /= 10;

}

printf("Sum of the digits: %d\n", sum);

return 0;

}

(b) #include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

int main() {

float x, y, r, phi;

printf("Enter Cartesian coordinates (x, y): ");

scanf("%f %f", &x, &y);

r = sqrt(x \* x + y \* y);

phi = atan2(y, x); // atan2 is more accurate than tan

printf("Polar coordinates: r = %.2f, phi = %.2f radians\n", r, phi);

return 0;

}

(c) #include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

#define DEG\_TO\_RAD(deg) ((deg) \* M\_PI / 180.0)

int main() {

double L1, L2, G1, G2, D;

printf("Enter latitude of place 1 (in degrees): ");

scanf("%lf", &L1);

printf("Enter longitude of place 1 (in degrees): ");

scanf("%lf", &G1);

printf("Enter latitude of place 2 (in degrees): ");

scanf("%lf", &L2);

printf("Enter longitude of place 2 (in degrees): ");

scanf("%lf", &G2);

L1 = DEG\_TO\_RAD(L1);

L2 = DEG\_TO\_RAD(L2);

G1 = DEG\_TO\_RAD(G1);

G2 = DEG\_TO\_RAD(G2);

D = 3963 \* acos(sin(L1) \* sin(L2) + cos(L1) \* cos(L2) \* cos(G2 - G1));

printf("Distance between the two places in nautical miles: %.2f\n", D);

return 0;

}

(d) #include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

int main() {

double t, v, wcf;

printf("Enter the temperature (in Fahrenheit): ");

scanf("%lf", &t);

printf("Enter the wind velocity (in miles per hour): ");

scanf("%lf", &v);

wcf = 35.74 + 0.6215 \* t + (0.4275 \* t - 35.75) \* pow(v, 0.16);

printf("Wind-chill factor: %.2f\n", wcf);

return 0;

}

(e) #include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

#define DEG\_TO\_RAD(deg) ((deg) \* M\_PI / 180.0)

int main() {

double angle, radians;

printf("Enter an angle (in degrees): ");

scanf("%lf", &angle);

radians = DEG\_TO\_RAD(angle);

printf("sin(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, sin(radians));

printf("cos(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, cos(radians));

printf("tan(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, tan(radians));

printf("cosec(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, 1/sin(radians));

printf("sec(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, 1/cos(radians));

printf("cot(%.2f) = %.2f\n", angle, 1/tan(radians));

return 0;

}

(f) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int C, D, temp;

printf("Enter value for C: ");

scanf("%d", &C);

printf("Enter value for D: ");

scanf("%d", &D);

temp = C;

C = D;

D = temp;

printf("After interchange:\n");

printf("C = %d\n", C);

printf("D = %d\n", D);

return 0;

}

**Question 33: While purchasing certain items, a discount of 10% is offered if the quantity purchased is more than 1000. If quantity and price per item are input through the keyboard, write a program to calculate the total expenses.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int qty, dis ;

float rate, tot ;

printf ( "Enter quantity and rate " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %f", &qty, &rate) ;

if ( qty > 1000 )

dis = 10 ;

else

dis = 0 ;

tot = ( qty \* rate ) - ( qty \* rate \* dis / 100 ) ;

printf ( "Total expenses = Rs. %f\n", tot ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 34: Which of the following are invalid C constants and why?**

**’3.15’; 35,550; 3.25e2; 2e-3; ‘eLearning’; "show"; ‘Quest’; 2^3; 4 6 5 2**

Sol. ’3.15’ and ‘eLearning’ and ‘Quest’ are invalid because single quotes denote character constants in C, which should contain only a single character.

35,550 is invalid because commas are not allowed in numeric constants.

2^3 is invalid because the caret symbol (^) is not used for exponentiation in C; instead, it represents the bitwise XOR operator.

4 6 5 2 is invalid because numeric constants should not contain spaces.

**Question 35: Which of the following are invalid variable names and why?**

**B’day; int; $hello; #HASH; dot.; number ;totalArea ; \_main( ) ;temp\_in\_Deg; total%; 1st ;stack-queue;**

**variable name ;%name% ;salary**

Sol. B'day $hello #HASH \_main() total% %name% stack-queue

(No special symbol except underscore allowed in variable naming).

int

(Keyword cannot be used as a variable.)

Same as 1st

(Variable name should start with an alphabet.)

**Question 36: Point out the errors, if any, in the following programs:**

**(a) int main( )**

**{**

**int a ; float b ; int c ;**

**a = 25 ; b = 3.24 ; c = a + b \* b – 35 ;**

**}**

**(b) #include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int a = 35 ; float b = 3.24 ;**

**printf ( "%d %f %d", a, b + 1.5, 235 ) ;**

**}**

**(c) #include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int a, b, c ;**

**scanf ( "%d %d %d", a, b, c ) ;**

**}**

**(d) #include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int m1, m2, m3**

**printf ( "Enter values of marks in 3 subjects" )**

**scanf ( "%d %d %d", &m1, &m2, &m3 )**

**printf ( "You entered %d %d %d", m1, m2, m3 )**

**}**

Sol. (a) Statement Terminator is missing, and it couldn't be figured out whether the expression is (a+b)\*(b-35) or a + (b\*b)-35 because of unavailability of parentheses.

(b) Nesting of comments is not allowed.

(c) "&" Operator is missing.

(d) Statement terminator operator ";" is missing in integer declaration and scanf & printf functions.

**Question 35.Which of the following are valid ifs?**

(a) if ( -25)

(b) if ( 3.14 )

(c) if ( a )

(d) if ( a + b )

(e) if ( a >= b )

Sol. (a) Valid

(b) Valid

(c) Valid

(d) Valid

(e) Valid

**Questyion 36.The marks obtained by a student in 5 different subjects are input through the keyboard. The student gets a division as per the following rules:**

**Percentage above or equal to 60 - First division**

**Percentage between 50 and 59 - Second division**

**Percentage between 40 and 49 - Third division**

**Percentage less than 40 - Fail**

**Write a program to calculate the division obtained by the student.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int m1, m2, m3, m4, m5, per ;

printf ( "Enter marks in five subjects " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %d %d %d %d", &m1, &m2, &m3, &m4, &m5 ) ;

per = ( m1 + m2 + m3 + m4 + m5 ) \* 100 / 500 ;

if ( per >= 60 )

printf ( "First division\n" ) ;

else

{

if ( per >= 50 )

printf ( "Second division\n" ) ;

else

{

if ( per >= 40 )

printf ( "Third division\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Fail\n" ) ;

}

}

return 0 ;

}

**Question 37.A company insures its drivers in the following cases:**

**• If the driver is married.**

**• If the driver is unmarried, male & above 30 years of age.**

**• If the driver is unmarried, female & above 25 years of age.**

In all other cases, the driver is not insured. If the marital status, sex and age of the driver are the inputs, write a program to determine whether the driver should be insured or not. The final outcome of the program would be—either the driver should be insured or the driver should not be insured. So, the program can be conveniently written using logical operators. For this let us first identify those cases in which the driver is insured. They are—Driver is married, Driver is an unmarried male above 30 years of age, and Driver is an unmarried female above 25 years of age. Since all these cases lead to the driver being insured, they can be combined together using && and || as shown in the program below.

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

char sex, ms ;

int age ;

printf ( "Enter age, sex, marital status " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %c %c", &age, &sex, &ms ) ;

if ( ( ms == 'M') || ( ms == 'U' && sex == 'M' && age > 30 ) ||

( ms == 'U' && sex == 'F' && age > 25 ) )

printf ( "Driver should be insured\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Driver should not be insured\n" ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 38: Match the following pairs:**

**(a) Multiples statements (1) Assignment operator**

**(b) else block (2) Comparison operator**

**(c) ; (3) Relational operators**

**(d) < > <= >= == != (4) optional**

**(e) == (5) { }**

**(f) + - \* / % (6) Arithmetic operators**

**(g) = (7) Null statement**

**(h) Default control instruction (8) if - else**

**(i) Decision control instruction (9) Sequence**

Sol. (a) Multiple statements - (5) { }

(b) else block - (4) optional

(c) ; - (7) Null statement

(d) < > <= >= == != - (3) Relational operators

(e) == - (2) Comparison operator

(f) + - \* / % - (6) Arithmetic operators

(g) = - (1) Assignment operator

(h) Default control instruction - (9) Sequence

(i) Decision control instruction - (8) if – else

**Question 39: The marks obtained by a student in 5 different subjects are input through the keyboard. The student gets a division as per the following rules:**

**Percentage above or equal to 60 - First division**

**Percentage between 50 and 59 - Second division**

**Percentage between 40 and 49 - Third division**

**Percentage less than 40 - Fail**

**Write a program to calculate the division obtained by the student.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int m1, m2, m3, m4, m5, per ;

printf ( "Enter marks in five subjects " ) ;

scanf ( "%d %d %d %d %d", &m1, &m2, &m3, &m4, &m5 ) ;

per = ( m1 + m2 + m3 + m4 + m5 ) \* 100 / 500 ;

if ( per >= 60 )

printf ( "First division\n" ) ;

else

{

if ( per >= 50 )

printf ( "Second division\n" ) ;

else

{

if ( per >= 40 )

printf ( "Third division\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Fail\n" ) ;

}

}

return 0 ;

}

**Question 40: A year is entered through the keyboard, write a program to determine whether the year is leap or not. Use the logical operators && and ||.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int year ;

printf ( "\nEnter year: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &year ) ;

if ( year % 400 == 0 || year % 100 != 0 && year % 4 == 0 )

printf ( "Leap year\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Not a leap year\n" ) ;

return 0 ;

}

Output

Enter year: 1900

Not a leap year

**Question 41: What will be the output of the following programs?**

**(a) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i = 4, z = 12 ;**

**if ( i = 5 || z > 50 )**

**printf ( "Dean of students affairs\n" ) ;**

**else**

**printf ( "Dosa\n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(b) #include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i = 4, j = -1, k = 0, w, x, y, z ;**

**w = i || j || k ;**

**x = i && j && k ;**

**y = i || j && k ;**

**z = i && j || k ;**

**printf ( "w = %d x = %d y = %d z = %d\n", w, x, y, z ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(c) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int x = 20, y = 40, z = 45 ;**

**if ( x > y && x > z )**

**printf ( "biggest = %d\n", x ) ;**

**else if ( y > x && y > z )**

**printf ( "biggest = %d\n", y ) ;**

**else if ( z > x && z > y )**

**printf ( "biggest = %d\n", z ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(d) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i = -4, j, num ;**

**j = ( num < 0 ? 0 : num \* num ) ;**

**printf ( "%d\n", j ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(e) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int k, num = 30 ;**

**k = ( num > 5 ? ( num <= 10 ? 100 : 200 ) : 500 ) ;**

**printf ( "%d\n", num ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

Sol. (a) Dean of students affairs

(b) w = 1 x = 0 y = 1 z = 1

(c) biggest = 40

(d) Indeterminate value

(e) 30

**Question 42: Answer the following questions:**

**(a) Using conditional operators determine:**

**(1) Whether the character entered through the keyboard is a lower case alphabet or not.**

**(2) Whether a character entered through the keyboard is a special symbol or not.**

**(b) Write a program using conditional operators to determine whether a year entered through the keyboard is a leap year or not.**

**(c) Write a program to find the greatest of the three numbers entered through the keyboard. Use conditional operators.**

**(d) Write a program to receive value of an angle in degrees and check whether sum of squares of sine and cosine of this angle is equal to 1.**

**(e) Rewrite the following program using conditional operators.**

**# include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**float sal ;**

**printf ( "Enter the salary" ) ;**

**scanf ( "%f", &sal ) ;**

**if ( sal >= 25000 && sal <= 40000 )**

**printf ( "Manager\n" ) ;**

**else**

**if ( sal >= 15000 && sal < 25000 )**

**printf ( "Accountant\n" ) ;**

**else**

**printf ( "Clerk\n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

Sol. (a) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

char ch;

printf("Enter a character: ");

scanf(" %c", &ch);

printf("Character is %s lowercase alphabet.\n", (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') ? "a" : "not a");

printf("Character is %s special symbol.\n", ((ch >= 33 && ch <= 47) || (ch >= 58 && ch <= 64) || (ch >= 91 && ch <= 96) || (ch >= 123 && ch <= 126)) ? "a" : "not a");

return 0;

}

(b) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int year;

printf("Enter a year: ");

scanf("%d", &year);

printf("%d is %s leap year.\n", year, ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)) ? "a" : "not a");

return 0;

}

(c) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float num1, num2, num3, max;

printf("Enter three numbers: ");

scanf("%f %f %f", &num1, &num2, &num3);

max = (num1 > num2) ? ((num1 > num3) ? num1 : num3) : ((num2 > num3) ? num2 : num3);

printf("The greatest number is: %.2f\n", max);

return 0;

}

(d) #include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

int main() {

float angle, sine, cosine, sum\_of\_squares;

printf("Enter the angle in degrees: ");

scanf("%f", &angle);

sine = sin(angle \* M\_PI / 180);

cosine = cos(angle \* M\_PI / 180);

sum\_of\_squares = sine \* sine + cosine \* cosine;

printf("Sum of squares of sine and cosine is %s equal to 1.\n", (sum\_of\_squares == 1) ? "" : "not");

return 0;

}

(e) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float sal;

printf("Enter the salary: ");

scanf("%f", &sal);

printf("Occupation: %s\n", (sal >= 25000 && sal <= 40000) ? "Manager" : ((sal >= 15000 && sal < 25000) ? "Accountant" : "Clerk"));

return 0;

}

**Question 43 .A year is entered through the keyboard, write a program to determine whether the year is leap or not. Use the logical operators && and ||.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int year ;

printf ( "\nEnter year: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &year ) ;

if ( year % 400 == 0 || year % 100 != 0 && year % 4 == 0 )

printf ( "Leap year\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "Not a leap year\n" ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 44.Attempt the following questions:**

**(a) If the lengths of three sides of a triangle are entered through the keyboard, write a program to check whether the triangle is an isosceles, an equilateral, a scalene or a right-angled triangle.**

**(b) In digital world colors are specified in Red-Green-Blue (RGB) format, with values of R, G, B varying on an integer scale from 0 to 255. In print publishing the colors are mentioned in Cyan-Magenta-Yellow Black (CMYK) format, with values of C, M, Y, and K varying on a real scale from 0.0 to 1.0. Write a program that converts RGB color to CMYK color as per the following formulae:**

**White = Max(Red/255, Green/255, Blue/255)**

**Cyan = (White-Red/255)**

**Magenta 255) White-Green/255 m/255**

**White**

**Yellow = (White-Blue/255)**

**Black1-White**

**Note that if the RGB values are all 0, then the CMY values are all 0 and the K value is 1.**

**(c) A certain grade of steel is graded according to the following conditions:**

**(i) Hardness must be greater than 50**

**(ii) Carbon content must be less than 0.7**

**(iii) Tensile strength must be greater than 5600**

**The grades are as follows:**

**Grade is 10 if all three conditions are met**

**Grade is 9 if conditions (i) and (ii) are met**

**Grade is 8 if conditions (ii) and (iii) are met**

**Grade is 7 if conditions (i) and (iii) are met**

**Grade is 6 if only one condition is met**

**Grade is 5 if none of the conditions are met**

**Write a program, which will require the user to give values of hardness, carbon content and tensile strength of the steel under consideration and output the grade of the steel.**

**(d) The Body Mass Index (BMI) is defined as ratio of the weight of a person (in kilograms) to the square of the height (in meters). Write a program that receives weight and height, calculates the BMI, and reports the BMI category as per the following table:**

Sol. (a) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float side1, side2, side3;

printf("Enter the lengths of three sides of the triangle: ");

scanf("%f %f %f", &side1, &side2, &side3);

if ((side1 \* side1 == side2 \* side2 + side3 \* side3) ||

(side2 \* side2 == side1 \* side1 + side3 \* side3) ||

(side3 \* side3 == side1 \* side1 + side2 \* side2)) {

printf("It is a right-angled triangle.\n");

}

else if (side1 == side2 && side2 == side3) {

printf("It is an equilateral triangle.\n");

}

else if (side1 == side2 || side1 == side3 || side2 == side3) {

printf("It is an isosceles triangle.\n");

}

else {

printf("It is a scalene triangle.\n");

}

return 0;

}

(b) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int red, green, blue;

float white, cyan, magenta, yellow, black;

printf("Enter the values of Red, Green, Blue (0-255): ");

scanf("%d %d %d", &red, &green, &blue);

white = (red > green ? (red > blue ? red : blue) : (green > blue ? green : blue)) / 255.0;

cyan = (white - red / 255.0) / white;

magenta = (white - green / 255.0) / white;

yellow = (white - blue / 255.0) / white;

black = 1 - white;

printf("CMYK values: C=%.2f, M=%.2f, Y=%.2f, K=%.2f\n", cyan, magenta, yellow, black);

return 0;

}

(c) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float hardness, carbon\_content, tensile\_strength;

int grade;

printf("Enter the values of hardness, carbon content, and tensile strength: ");

scanf("%f %f %f", &hardness, &carbon\_content, &tensile\_strength);

if (hardness > 50 && carbon\_content < 0.7 && tensile\_strength > 5600)

grade = 10;

else if (hardness > 50 && carbon\_content < 0.7)

grade = 9;

else if (carbon\_content < 0.7 && tensile\_strength > 5600)

grade = 8;

else if (hardness > 50 && tensile\_strength > 5600)

grade = 7;

else if (hardness > 50 || carbon\_content < 0.7 || tensile\_strength > 5600)

grade = 6;

else

grade = 5;

printf("Grade of steel: %d\n", grade);

return 0;

}

(d) #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float weight, height, bmi;

printf("Enter weight (in kilograms): ");

scanf("%f", &weight);

printf("Enter height (in meters): ");

scanf("%f", &height);

bmi = weight / (height \* height);

printf("BMI: %.2f\n", bmi);

if (bmi < 15)

printf("BMI Category: Starvation\n");

else if (bmi >= 15.1 && bmi <= 17.5)

printf("BMI Category: Anorexic\n");

else if (bmi >= 17.6 && bmi <= 18.5)

printf("BMI Category: Underweight\n");

else if (bmi >= 18.6 && bmi <= 24.9)

printf("BMI Category: Ideal\n");

else if (bmi >= 25 && bmi <= 25.9)

printf("BMI Category: Overweight\n");

else if (bmi >= 30 && bmi <= 30.9)

printf("BMI Category: Obese\n");

else

printf("BMI Category: Morbidly Obese\n");

return 0;

}

**Question 45: Write a program to calculate overtime pay of 10 employees. Overtime is paid at the rate of Rs. 120.00 per hour for every hour worked above 40 hours. Assume that employees do not work for fractional part of an hour.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

float otpay ;

int hour, i = 1 ;

while ( i <= 10 ) /\* Loop for 10 employees \*/

{

printf ( "\nEnter no. of hours worked: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &hour ) ;

if ( hour >= 40 )

otpay = ( hour - 40 ) \* 120 ;

else

otpay = 0 ;

printf ( "Hours = %d Overtime pay = Rs.%f\n", hour, otpay ) ;

i++ ;

}

return 0 ;

}

**Question 46: Write a program to find the factorial value of any number entered through the keyboard.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int num, i, fact ;

printf ( "Enter a number: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &num ) ;

fact = i = 1 ;

while ( i <= num )

{

fact = fact \* i ;

i++ ;

}

printf ( "Factorial value of %d = %d\n", num, fact ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 47: What will be the output of the following programs?**

**(a) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i = 1 ;**

**while ( i <= 10 ) ;**

**{**

**printf ( "%d\n", i ) ;**

**i++ ;**

**}**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(b) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int x = 4, y, z ;**

**y = --x ;**

**z = x-- ;**

**printf ( "%d %d %d\n", x, y, z ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(c) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int x = 4, y = 3, z ;**

**z = x-- - y ;**

**printf ( "%d %d %d\n", x, y, z ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(d) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**while ( 'a' < 'b' )**

**printf ( "malayalam is a palindrome\n" ) ;**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(e) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**int i ;**

**while ( i = 10 )**

**{**

**printf ( "%d\n", i ) ;**

**i = i + 1 ;**

**}**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

**(f) # include <stdio.h>**

**int main( )**

**{**

**float x = 1.1 ;**

**while ( x == 1.1 )**

**{**

**printf ( "%f\n", x ) ;**

**x = x - 0.1 ;**

**}**

**return 0 ;**

**}**

Sol. (a) No output (infinite loop)

(b) Output: 2 3 3

(c) Output: 3 3 1

(d) malayalam is a palindrome

malayalam is a palindrome

malayalam is a palindrome

...

(e) Output: 10

(f) No output

**Question 48: Write a program to determine whether a number is prime or not. A prime number is said to be prime if it is divisible only by 1 or itself.**

**All we have to do to test whether a number is prime or not, is to divide it successively by all numbers from 2 to one less than itself. If remainder of any of these divisions is zero, the number is not a prime. If no division yields a zero then the number is a prime number. Following program implements this logic:**

Sol. # include<stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int num, i ;

printf ( "Enter a number " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &num ) ;

i = 2 ;

while ( i <= num - 1 )

{

if ( num % i == 0 )

{

printf ( "Not a prime number\n" ) ;

break ;

}

i++ ;

}

if ( i == num )

printf ( "Prime number\n" ) ;

}

**Question 49: Any integer is input through the keyboard. Write a program to find out whether it is an odd number or even number.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

int n ;

printf ( "\nEnter any number: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &n ) ;

if ( n % 2 == 0 )

printf ( "The number is even\n" ) ;

else

printf ( "The number is odd\n" ) ;

return 0 ;

}

**Question 50 Write a program to calculate overtime pay of 10 employees. Overtime is paid at the rate of Rs. 120.00 per hour for every hour worked above 40 hours. Assume that employees do not work for fractional part of an hour.**

Sol. # include <stdio.h>

int main( )

{

float otpay ;

int hour, i = 1 ;

while ( i <= 10 ) /\* Loop for 10 employees \*/

{

printf ( "\nEnter no. of hours worked: " ) ;

scanf ( "%d", &hour ) ;

if ( hour >= 40 )

otpay = ( hour - 40 ) \* 120 ;

else

otpay = 0 ;

printf ( "Hours = %d Overtime pay = Rs.%f\n", hour, otpay ) ;

i++ ;

}

return 0 ;

}